

April 11, 2020 Novel Coronavirus Case in Tochigi Prefecture (Case No. 34)

Active Epidemiological Investigation (Report No. 2)

April 15, 2020

The confirmed results of the active epidemiological investigation of the case of novel coronavirus (Case 34) declared on April 11 in Tochigi Prefecture are as follows. \*The information announced today is underlined.

【Patient Summary (Case 34)】

1. Age: 60s
2. Sex: Male
3. Residential area: Oyama City (Publicized after confirming with the patient)
4. Symptoms and progression:

April 6	Fever (37°C range) and respiratory symptoms. Examined at Medical Institute A in Oyama City.
April 7	Fatigue in addition to above symptoms
April 8	Examined at Medical Institute A in Oyama City.
April 9	Consulted with the Prefectural South Health and Welfare Center.
April 10	Extreme difficulty breathing and inability to move. Emergency medical transport to Medical Institute B in the service area of the Prefectural South Health and Welfare Center. Hospitalized. Prefectural South Health and Welfare Center contacted by Medical Institute B, samples collected.
April 11	Tested via PCR and confirmed positive.
5. Patient Behavior History
  - No history of travel overseas.
  - Works in Tokyo (commutes via public transportation). Did not go to work after symptoms appeared on April 6.
  - Shopped briefly in Oyama City on April 6 (traveled by car and did not have contact with anyone in particular).
6. People in Close Contact with the Patient
  - Only the patient's wife was in close contact with the patient. She was tested via PCR on April 15 and confirmed negative.
  - None in the medical facilities due to appropriate infection prevention measures.
  - None in the emergency medical team due to appropriate infection prevention measures.

## 7. Philosophy on Publicizing Case Details

- We believe it is necessary to create a balance between protecting patient privacy and publicizing patient information that is needed for preventing the spread of infection.
- The patient's behavior history during the period when the infection may have been passed on to others (beginning on April 6) has been publicized within the scope necessary to prevent the spread of infection.
- In contrast, the patient's behavior history outside of the period when the infection may have been passed to others (April 5 and earlier) is not believed to be necessary for preventing the spread of infection, so it has not been publicized.