月 日( )

中学校 英語

年 組 番氏名

問題

(1) 次の英文を読んで, ( ) 内に入れるのに最も適切な語を,下の1から 4までの中から1つ選びなさい。

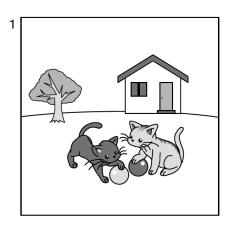
Things are getting smaller and easier to use. ( ) are one example. Some students use an electronic one when they don't know a word.

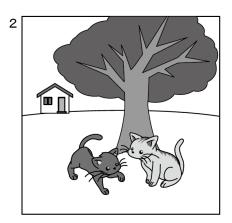
- (注) electronic: 電子の
  - Guitars 2 I
- 2 Dictionaries
- 3 Cars
- 4 Boxes

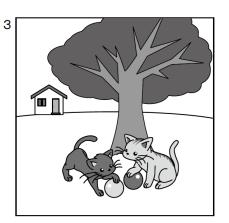


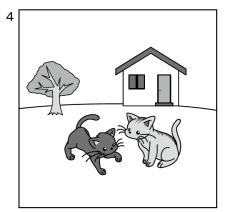
(2)次の英文を読んで、その内容を最も適切に表している絵を、下の1から4までの中から1つ選びなさい。

Last Sunday, I went to a park near my house. I saw two cats under a tree. They were playing with balls.









(3)次の表はある学級の時間割です。時間割の内容と合っている英文を、 右の1から5までの中から全て選びなさい。

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday		
1	math	English	science	social studies	math		
2	Japanese	math	music	P.E.	English		
3	English	science	math	fine arts	social studies		
4	science	P.E.	technology and home economics	moral education	science		
			lunch time				
5	P.E.	Japanese	social studies	English	integrated study		
6	social studies	classroom activities		Japanese	integrated study		

- 1 The students have five classes on Monday and Wednesday. They have six classes on the other days.
- 2 On Friday, the students study math and science, but they don't study Japanese.
- 3 The students have four English classes in a week. They have four P.E. classes, too.
- 4 The students have a music class on Wednesday morning.
- 5 The students don't study fine arts on Thursday. They study it on Tuesday.

- 1			

番 氏名

## 中学校 英語 [正答例] 年 組

問題

(1) 次の英文を読んで, ( ) 内に入れるのに最も適切な語を,下の1から 4までの中から1つ選びなさい。

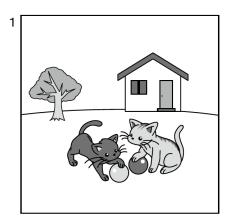
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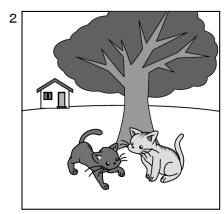
- (注) electronic: 電子の
  - 1 Guitars 2 Dictionaries 3 Cars 4 Boxes

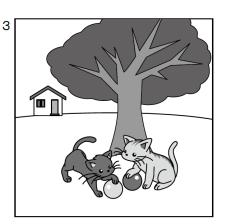
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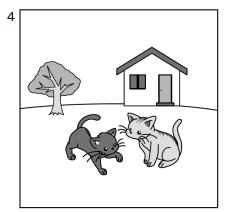
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3

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2, 4

月 日(

中学校 英語

年 組 番氏名

問題

英語の授業で、身近なものを調べて発表することになりました。次の英文は、ある生徒が、チョコレート(chocolate)について調べた発表原稿です。これを読んで、発表の始めに話の流れを示すスライドとして最も適切なものを、右の1から4までの中から1つ選びなさい。

Hello, everyone. Do you like chocolate? I think many people do. Now, I'm going to tell you about its history.

People in ancient Mexico started to use cacao to make chocolate. It was different from chocolate today. People drank chocolate. They thought it was good for their health. It was a kind of medicine and very expensive.

How did chocolate first come to Japan? During the Edo period, people from Europe brought chocolate to Nagasaki. During the Meiji period, some people learned about making chocolate and wanted to make it in Japan. They tried very hard and finally they could. But it was still expensive.

Some confectionary companies began to make chocolate during the Taisho period. After World War II, chocolate became sweeter and cheaper, so it's popular now. Today you can see many kinds of chocolate in the supermarket. Which is your favorite?

(注) ancient Mexico: 古代メキシコ cacao: カカオ

drank: ~を飲んだ (drink の過去形) health: 健康 period: 時代

Europe: ヨーロッパ confectionary companies: 菓子製造会社

World War II: 第二次世界大戦 sweet: 甘い

1

#### The Chocolate Story

- (1) Where did the history of chocolate begin?
- (2) How did Japanese people learn about chocolate?
- (3) Why is chocolate popular today?

#### The Chocolate Story

- (1) Who was the first Japanese person to have chocolate?
- (2) Who made chocolate first in Japan?
- (3) Why is chocolate popular today?

#### The Chocolate Story

- (1) Where did the history of chocolate begin?
- (2) Why do many people like chocolate?
- (3) Who was the first Japanese person to have chocolate?

4

#### The Chocolate Story

- (1) Who made chocolate first in Japan?
- (2) How did Japanese people learn about chocolate?
- (3) Why do many people like chocolate?

### 中学校 英語 [正答例] 年 組 番 氏名

問題 英語の授業で、身近なものを調べて発表することになりました。次の英文は、ある生徒が、チョコレート(chocolate)について調べた発表原稿です。これを読んで、発表の始めに話の流れを示すスライドとして最も適切なものを、右の1から4までの中から1つ選びなさい。

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#### The Chocolate Story

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- (2) Why do many people like chocolate?
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#### 2

#### The Chocolate Story

- (1) Who was the first Japanese person to have chocolate?
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#### The Chocolate Story

- (1) Who made chocolate first in Japan?
- (2) How did Japanese people learn about chocolate?
- (3) Why do many people like chocolate?

1

月 日(

中学校 英語

F 組 番氏名

問題

2 <

次の英語は、あなたが見つけたイングリッシュ・カフェ(English Café)という催しのホームページの一部です。参加者が事前に準備すべきことを知るためには、この中の1から4のどの部分を読めばよいですか。最も適切なものを1つ選びなさい。

## **English Café**

Free English Program

**Date**: Sunday, June 3rd **Time**: 3:00 p.m. - 5:00 p.m. **Place**: City Hall Restaurant

### Come to English Café and ...

-You can enjoy speaking English with people from many countries.

- -You can learn about their countries: the U.S., Australia, Canada, China, India ....
- -You will have a chance to tell them about Japanese traditional things in English. Please think of something to talk about.
- -We are going to have some food from other countries. Of course, there will be Japanese food, too.

If you have any questions about the program: You can send an email to midori@ $\times\times\times\times$ . $\times$ , call 0120 -  $\square\square\square$  -  $\square\square\square$ , or visit our office at City Hall.

月 日(

中学校 英語 [正答例]

年 組 番氏名

問題

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問題 次の英文は、英字新聞に投稿されたある中学生からの意見です。これを 読んで、この生徒に向けてあなた自身の考えとその理由を英語で書きなさい。

These days, taking pictures and video is getting easier.

Which do you often use to remember good times, pictures or video? I usually take video to remember good times. I think that video is better than pictures because it has sound.

What do you think?

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## 中学校 英語 [正答例] 年 組 番氏名

問題 次の英文は、英字新聞に投稿されたある中学生からの意見です。これを 読んで、この生徒に向けてあなた自身の考えとその理由を英語で書きなさい。

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What do you think?

※ 下の枠は、下書きに使っても構いません。解答は必ず解答用紙に書きなさい。

(例) I have a different idea. I like pictures better. We can send pictures faster than video.

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## (正答の条件)

次の条件を満たして解答している。

- ① 英文中の意見に対する自分の考えを書いている。
- ② 自分の考えの理由が書かれている。

パワーアップシート 「書くこと」 月 日( )	(2) 次の①, ②について, 例を参考にしながら, ( ) 内の語に必要な語を
中学校 英語 年 組 番 氏名	加えて、それぞれ会話が成り立つように英語を完成させなさい。
<b>問題</b>	(例) <昼休みに教室で>
1)次の①,②について、()内に入れるのに最も適切な語を、それぞれ 1から4までの中から1つ選びなさい。	A: What will you do tomorrow?
① My brother was watching TV ( ) I came home.	B: Well, ( go ) shopping.
1 if 2 when 3 that 4 or	〔答え〕I will go
	① <休み時間に校庭で>
	A : You play soccer well. ( practice ) every day?
② I can't drink this tea ( ) it's too hot.	B: Yes, I do. Playing soccer is a lot of fun.
1 so 2 whether 3 because 4 before	
	② <週明けに教室で>
	A : Did you have a good weekend?
	B: No. ( busy ). I had a lot of things to do last weekend.
	A : Oh, really?
	H30全国〔9〕

(3) 次の表の①から③は、サム(Sam) という男性の現在の情報を示しています。これらの情報を全て用いて、サムを紹介する英文を書きなさい。

① 職 業	teacher
② 好きなスポーツ	tennis
③ 車の有(O)無(×)	×

1	
2	
3	

1			
2			
3			

(例) I was busy

(3) 次の表の①から③は、サム(Sam) という男性の現在の情報を示しています。これらの情報を全て用いて、サムを紹介する英文を書きなさい。

① 職 業	teacher
② 好きなスポーツ	tennis
③ 車の有(O)無(X)	×

1	
2	
3	

- ①(例) Sam is a teacher.
- ②(例) He likes tennis.
- ③(例) He doesn't have a car.

月 日( )

中学校 英語

年 組 番氏名

問題

列めて日本を訪れる外国人観光客向けに、パンフレットを作ることになりました。あなたは、A Gift from Japan! (日本らしいお土産)の記事を担当します。そこで、あなたがすすめたいものを1つ決めて、理由とともに30 語以上の英語で記事を書きなさい。

※ 短縮形 (I'm や don't など) は 1 語と数え、符号 ( , や ? ) は語数に 含めません。

(例) No, I'm not. 【3語】

A Gift from Japan!	*:
	※ここには, あなたが選
	んだお土産 の写真が入 ります。

### 中学校 英語 [正答例]

番 氏名

問題 初めて日本を訪れる外国人観光客向けに、パンフレットを作ることにな りました。あなたは、A Gift from Japan! (日本らしいお土産) の記事を担 当します。そこで、あなたがすすめたいものを1つ決めて、理由とともに 30 語以上の英語で記事を書きなさい。

※ 短縮形 (I'm やdon't など) は1語と数え、符号(、や?) は語数に 含めません。

(例) No, I'm [3語] not.

※ 下の枠は、下書きに使っても構いません。解答は必ず解答用紙に書き なさい。

# A Gift from Japan! ※ここには、 あなたが選 んだお土産 の写真が入 ります。 **©**

(例) Maccha is popular in Japan. It's a kind of green tea. Many Japanese people love to drink it. You can use it for cooking, too. You can make maccha cake with it.

## (正答の条件)

次の条件を満たして解答している。

- ① おすすめしたい日本らしいお土産を1つ選 んで説明している。
  - すすめる理由等について書いている。
  - 30語以上の英語で書いている。